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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/561,907	06/09/2006	Takao Yashiro	4676-964	1501
	7590 03/24/200 NDERHYE, PC	EXAMINER		
901 NORTH G	LEBE ROAD, 11TH F	WALKE, AMANDA C		
ARLINGTON,	VA 22205		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1795	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/24/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/561,90)7	YASHIRO ET AL.				
		Examine	•	Art Unit				
		Amanda (1795				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	appears on the	e cover sheet with the d	correspondence ac	idress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sleeply received by the Office later than three months after the need patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF TH R 1.136(a). In no ev n. eriod will apply and w tatute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tir ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•			
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1	4 December 2	007					
-	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>14 December 2007</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.							
3)	· 							
٥)ا	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
	closed in accordance with the practice und	ici Ex parte Qu	ayic, 1000 O.D. 11, 4	00 0.0. 210.				
Disposit	on of Claims							
4)🛛	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🛛	⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election r	equirement.					
Applicat	on Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		objected to by the	Examiner.				
<i>,</i> —	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co				FR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)🖂	12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)□ All b)□ Some * c)⊠ None of:							
۵),	1.☑ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2.☑ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	We)							
Attachmen 1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.								
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) L Other:								

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-11 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamamura et al (EP 938026).

Yamamura et al disclose a photocurable composition comprising:

- (A) a cationically polymerizable organic compound; [0025]
- (B) a cationic photopolymerization initiator;
- (C) an ethylenically unsaturated monomer;
- (D) a radical photopolymerization initiator; and
- (E) a polyol
- (F) elastomeric particles having a diameter of 10-700nm.

In amounts of:

20-85 wt% component (A), 0.1-10 wt% component (B), 5-45 wt% component (C), 0.1-8 wt% component (D), and 5-35 wt% component (E).

The reference teaches that component C may be either a mono or poly functional monomer having a molecular weight of 110-2,000 ([0038]-[0047]). Among polyfuntional monomers listed are:

ethylene glycol di(meth)acrylate, dicyclopentenyl di(meth)acrylate, triethylene glycol diacrylate, tetraethylene glycol di(meth)acrylate, tricyclodecanediyldimethylene di(meth)acrylate, tris(2-hydroxyethyl)isocyanurate di(meth)acrylate, tris(2-hydroxyethyl)isocyanurate tri(meth)acrylate, caprolactone-modified tris(2-hydroxyethyl)isocyanurate tri(meth)acrylate, pentaerythritol

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tri(meth)acrylate, pentaerythritol tetra(meth)acrylate, polyester di(meth)acrylate, poly-ethylene glycol di(meth)acrylate, dipentaerythritol hexa(meth)acrylate, dipentaerythritol penta(meth)acrylate, dipentaerythritol tetra(meth)acrylate, caprolactone-modified dipentaerythritol hexa(meth)acrylate, capmlactone-modified dipentaerylhritol penta(meth)acrylate, ditrimethylolpropane tetra(meth)acrylate, EO-modified bisphenol A di(meth)acrylate, PO-modified bisphenol A di(meth)acrylate, EO-modified hydrogenated bisphenol A di(meth)acrylate, PO-modi-fiecl hydrogenated bisphenol A di(meth)acrylate, EO-modified bisphenol F di(meth)acrylate, (meth)acrylate of phenol novolak polyglycidyl ether, and the like.

The above monofunctional monomers and polyfunctional monomers can be used either individually or in combinations of two or more, or in combinations of at least one monofunctional monomer and at least one polyfunctional monomer as the component (C). It is preferable that the component (C) contain 60 wt% of polyfunctional monomers having three or more ethylenically unsaturated bonds in a- molecule. The proportion of these polyfunctional monomers having three or more ethylenically unsaturated bonds used in the component (C) is more preferably 70 wt% or more, even more preferably 80 wt% or more, and most preferably 100 wt%. If the proportion of these polyfunctional monomers is less than 60 wt%, the resin composition may exhibit decreased photocurability and the resulting three-dimensional objects may exhibit deformation with time. Among the commercially available polyfunctional monomers listed are compounds meeting the instant claim limitations and listed as preferred embodiments of formula 1; M-215, M-315, and M-325 manufactured by Toagosei Co. Ltd. ([0044]).

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Given that the reference teaches that two or more polyfunctional monomers may be employed and the reference lists a few isocyanurate compounds by name and by product name, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to prepare the material of the reference choosing to employ one preferred compound in [0046] and one isocyanurate as a comonomer employ employ each in an amount meeting the instant claim limitations (45wt% of the total composition, and preferably 100% of C is made up of the polyfunctional monomers, and a combination of two would be 22.5 % of each, meeting the limitations for A and C of the instant claims([0045]-[0047]).

The reference teaches and claims a process meeting the instant claim limitations.

Regarding claim 11, this claim is a product by process claim. The resultant product of the reference is a three dimensional pattern/ object and would thus meet the claim limitations. From the MPEP:

M.P.E.P. § 2113:

"Even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985)... "The Patent Office bears a lesser burden proof in making out a case of prima facie obviousness for product-by-process claims because of their peculiar nature" than when a product is claimed in the conventional fashion. In re Fessman, 180 USPQ 324, 326 (CCPA 1974). Once the Examiner provides a rationale tending to show that the claimed product appears to be the same or similar to that of the prior art, although produced by a different process, the burden shifts—to applicant to come forward with evidence establishing an unobvious difference between the claimed product—and the prior art product. In re Marosi, 218 USPQ 289, 292 (Fed. Cir. 1983).

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed 12/14/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant has simply argued that the Yamamura et al reference fails to meet the

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instant claims limitations as the material has inferior mechanical properties. The examiner notes that the reference clearly teaches a composition comprising the instantly claimed components, and has not argued that it does not. No evidence has been provided demonstrating that the material comprising the instantly claimed components is inferior to the inventive material, therefore the rejection is maintained. In light of applicants amendments the claim objection and 12 rejections have been withdrawn.

Conclusion

4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amanda C. Walke whose telephone number is 571-272-1337. The examiner can normally be reached on M-R 5:30-4.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on 571-272-1526. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated

information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Amanda C Walke Primary Examiner

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/Amanda C Walke/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1795